BAYS, in Commerce, a kind of coarfe, open, woollen ftuff, having a long knap; fometimes frized on one fide, and fometimes not frized, according to the uses for which it is

This stuff is without wale, being wrought on a loom with two treddles like flannel.—It is chiefly man afactured about Colchester, and Bocking in Essex; and in Flanders, about Liste and Tournay, &c.

This manufacture was first brought into England, together with that of fays, ferges, &c. by the Flemings, who fled hither from the perfecution of the duke of Alva, about the fifth year of the reign of queen Elizabeth, and had afterwards peculiar privileges granted them by the 12 Car. II. in 1660. The exportation of bays was formerly much more confiderable than it is now, as the French manufacturers have learned to imitate them, and have fet up manufactures of their own at Nifmes, Montpelier, &c. However, a confiderable quantity of bays is still exported to Spain, Portugal, and Italy. Their chief use is for the religious, and for linings in the army; the looking-glass makers also use them behind their glasses, to preserve the tin or quickfilver; and the cafe-makers to line their cafes.

The breadth of bays is commonly a yard and half, yard and three quarters, or two yards; by forty-two, or fortyeight in length: those of a yard and three quarters are most

proper for the Spanish trade.